## Power Monitoring













#### HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH

- Follow safe electrical work practices. See NFPA 70E in the USA, or applicable local code:
- This equipment must only be installed and serviced by qualified electrical personnel Read, understand and follow the instructions before installing this product.
- Turn off all power supplying equipment before working on or inside the equipment.
- Any covers that may be displaced during the installation must be reinstalled before powering the unit.
- Use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm power is off. DO NOT DEPEND ON THIS PRODUCT FOR VOLTAGE INDICATION

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

A qualified person is one who has skills and knowledge related to the construction and operation of this electrical equipment and the installation, and has received safety training to recognize and avoid the hazards involved. NEC2009 Article 100 No responsibility is assumed by Leviton for any consequences arising out of the use of this

Control system design must consider the potential failure modes of control paths and, for certain critical control functions, provide a means to achieve a safe state during and after a path failure. Examples of critical control functions are emergency stop and over-travel stop.

#### **△ WARNING**

LOSS OF CONTROL

Assure that the system will reach a safe state during and after a control path failure. Separate or redundant control paths must be provided for critical control functions. Test the effect of transmission delays or failures of communication links. Each implementation of equipment using communication links must be individually and thoroughly tested for proper operation before placing it in service. Failure to follow these instructions may cause injury, death or equipment damage

For additional information about anticipated transmission delays or failures of the link, refer to NEMA ICS 1.1 (latest edition). Safety Guidelines for the Application, Installation, and Maintenance of Solid-State Control or its equivalent in your specific country, language, and/or location.

#### NOTICE

- This product is not intended for life or safety applications
- Do not install this product in hazardous or classified locations
- The installer is responsible for conformance to all applicable codes. Mount this product inside a suitable fire and electrical enclosure

FCC PART 15 INFORMATION NOTE: This equipment has been tested by the manufacturer and found to It: I his equipment has been tested by the manufacturer and found to comply with the limits for a class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and

(2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation. Modifications to this product without the express authorization of the manufacturer nullify this statement.

For use in a Pollution Degree 2 or better environment only. A Pollution Degree 2 environment must control conductive pollution and the possibility of condensation or high humidity. Consider the enclosure, the correct use of ventilation, thermal properties of the equipment, and the relationship with the environment. Installation category: CAT II or CAT III. Provide a disconnect device to disconnect the meter from the supply source. Place this device in close proximity to the equipment and within easy reach of the operator, and mark it as the disconnecting device. The disconnecting device shall meet the relevant requirements of IEC 60947-1 and IEC 60947-3 and shall be suitable for the application. In the US and Canada, disconnecting fuse holders can be used. Provide overcurrent protection and disconnecting device for supply conductors with approved current limiting devices suitable for protecting the wiring. If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the device may be impaired.

## Series 4100

## Bi-Directional Compact ModBus Power and Energy Meter

#### **Product Overview**

The VerifEye™ Series 4100 Bidirectional ModBus Meters feature bidirectional monitoring specifically designed for renewable energy applications. The Series 4100 meters are revenue-grade (ANSI C12.20 Class 0.2%) kWh electrical meters.

The Series 4100 meters are available in standalone DIN rail mount or NEMA 4X enclosure. The 3-phase, advanced communication meters are compatible with solid core, split core or flexible rope-style Rogowski current transformers.

#### **Product Identification**

Series 4DUMR Bi-Directional, ModBus Meter

Series 410UM Bi-Directional, ModBus in an Outdoor NEMA 4X

enclosure

### **Specifications**

	MEASUREMENT ACCURACY						
Real Power and Energy	IEC 62053-22 Class 0.2S, ANSI C12.20 0.2%						
Reactive Power and Energy	IEC 62053-23 Class 2, 2%						
Current	0.2% (+0.005% per °C deviation from 25°C) from 1% to 5% of range;						
	0.1% (+0.005% per °C deviation from 25°C) from 5% to 100% of range						
Voltage	0.1% (+0.005% per °C deviation from 25°C) from 90 VAC $_{\rm L-N}$ to 600 VAC $_{\rm L-L}$						
Sample Rate	2520 samples per second; no blind time						
Data Update Rate	1 sec.						
Type of Measurement	True RMS; one to three phase AC system						
INPUT VOLTAGE CHARACTERISTICS							
Measured AC Voltage	Minimum 90 V <sub>L-N</sub> (156 V <sub>L-L</sub> ) for stated accuracy;						
	UL Maximums: $600  \text{V}_{\text{L-L}} (347  \text{V}_{\text{L-N}})$ ; CE Maximum: $300  \text{V}_{\text{L-N}}$						
Metering Over-Range	+20%						
Impedance	$2.5~\mathrm{M}\Omega_\mathrm{L-N}/5~\mathrm{M}\Omega_\mathrm{L-L}$						
Frequency Range	45 to 65 Hz						
I.	NPUT CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS						
CT Scaling	Primary: Adjustable from 5 A to 32,000 A						
Measurement Input Range	0 to 0.333 VAC or 0 to 1.0 VAC (+20% over-range), rated for use with Class 1 voltage inputs						
Impedance	10.6 k $\Omega$ (1/3 V mode) or 32.1 k $\Omega$ (1 V mode)						



## Specifications (cont.)

	CONTROL POWER							
AC	5 VA max.; 90V min.;							
	UL Maximums: $600  V_{LL}  (347  V_{LN})$ ; CE Maximum: $300  V_{LN}$							
DC*	3 W max.; UL and CE: 125 to 300 VDC							
Ride Through Time	100 msec at 120 VAC							
	ОИТРИТ							
Alarm Contacts	N.C., static output (30VAC/DC, 100mA max. @ 25°C,							
	derate 0.56mA per °C above 25°C)							
Real Energy Pulse Contacts	N.O., static output (30 VAC/DC, 100 mA max. @ 25°C,							
	derate 0.56 mA per °C above 25°C)							
RS-485 Port	2-wire, 1200 to 38400 baud, Modbus RTU							
	MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS							
Weight	0.62 lb (0.28 kg)							
IP Degree of Protection (IEC 60529)	IP40 front display; IP20 Meter							
Display Characteristics	Back-lit blue LCD							
Terminal Block Screw Torque	0.37 to 0.44 ft-lb (0.5 to 0.6 N·m)							
Terminal Block Wire Size	24 to 14 AWG (0.2 to 2.1 mm <sup>2</sup> )							
Rail	T35 (35mm) DIN Rail per EN50022							
	OPERATING CONDITIONS							
Operating Temperature Range	-30° to 70°C (-22° to 158°F)							
Storage Temperature Range	-40° to 85°C (-40° to 185°F)							
Humidity Range	<95% RH noncondensing							
Altitude of Operation	3000 m							
	COMPLIANCE INFORMATION							
US and Canada	CAT III, Pollution degree 2;							
	for distribution systems up to $347 \rm{V_{\scriptscriptstyle L-N}}/600 \rm{VAC_{\scriptscriptstyle L-L}}$							
CE	CAT III, Pollution degree 2;							
	for distribution systems up to 300V <sub>L-N</sub>							
Dielectric Withstand	Per UL 508, EN61010							
Conducted and Radiated Emissions	FCC part 15 Class B, EN55011/EN61000 Class B (residential and light industrial)							
Conducted and Radiated Immunity	EN61000 Class A (heavy industrial)							
US and Canada (cULus)	UL508 (open type device)/CSA 22.2 No. 14-05							
Europe (CE)	EN61010-1							

<sup>\*</sup> External DC current limiting is required, see fuse recommendations.

This meter implements the draft SunSpec 1.0 common elements starting at base 1 address 40001, and the proposed SunSpec 1.1 meter model at 40070 (these addresses are not in Modicon notation).



SunSpec Alliance



The SunSpec Alliance logo is a trademark or registered trademark of the SunSpec Alliance.

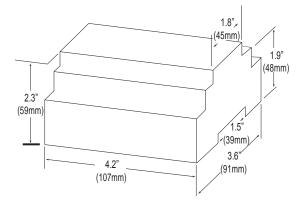


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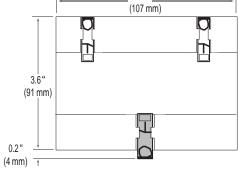


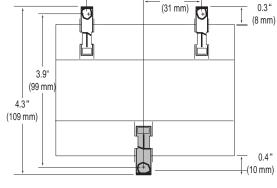
## **Dimensions**



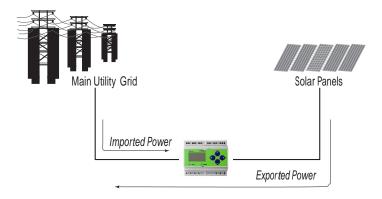
#### Bottom View (DIN Mount Option)

#### Bottom View (Screw Mount Option) 4.2" (107 mm) 2.4" (61 mm) 1.2"





## Application Example





### **Data Outputs**

Signed Power: Real, Reactive, and Apparent 3-phase total and per phase

Real and Apparent Energy Accumulators: Import, Export, and Net; 3-phase total and per phase

Reactive Energy Accumulators by Quadrant: 3-phase totals and per phase

Configurable for CT & PT ratios, system type, and passwords

Diagnostic alerts

Current: 3-phase average and per phase

Volts: 3-phase average and per phase Line-Line and Line-Neutral

Power Factor: 3-phase average and per phase

Frequency

Power Demand: Most Recent and Peak (Import and Export)

Demand Configuration: Fixed, Rolling Block, and External Sync (Modbus only)

Data Logging

Real Time Clock: user configurable

10 user configurable log buffers: each buffer holds 5760 16-bit entries (User configures which 10 data points are stored in these buffers)

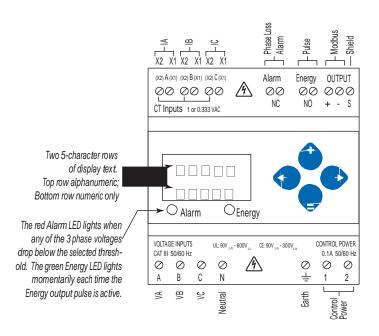
User configurable logging interval

(When configured for a 15 minute interval, each buffer holds 60 days of data)

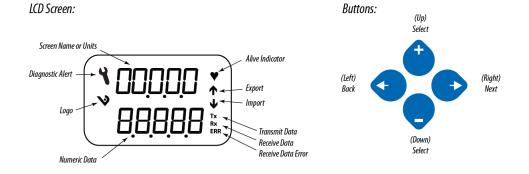
Continuous and Single Shot logging modes: user selectable

Auto write pause: read logs without disabling the meter's data logging mode

## **Product Diagram**



## Display Screen Diagram





#### Installation

/ Disconnect power prior to installation.

Reinstall any covers that are displaced during the installation before powering the unit.

Mount the meter in an appropriate electrical enclosure near equipment to be monitored.

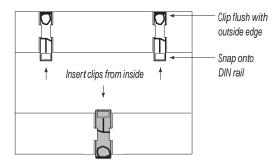
Do not install on the load side of a Variable Frequency Drive (VFD), aka Variable Speed Drive (VSD) or Adjustable Frequency Drive (AFD).

#### Observe correct CT orientation.

The meter can be mounted in two ways: on standard 35 mm DIN rail or screw-mounted to the interior surface of the enclosure.

#### A. DIN Rail Mounting

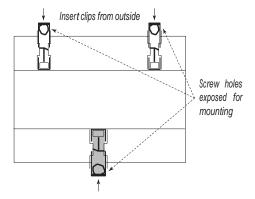
- 1. Attach the mounting clips to the underside of the housing by sliding them into the slots from the inside. The stopping pegs must face the housing, and the outside edge of the clip must be flush with the outside edge of the housing.
- 2. Snap the clips onto the DIN rail. See the diagram of the underside of the housing (below).



3. To reduce horizontal shifting across the DIN rail, use two end stop clips.

#### B. Screw Mounting

- 1. Attach the mounting clips to the underside of the housing by sliding them into the slots from the outside. The stopping pegs must face the housing, and the screw hole must be exposed on the outside of the housing.
- 2. Use three #8 screws (not supplied) to mount the meter to the inside of the enclosure. See the diagram of the underside of the housing (below).





## Supported System Types

The meter has a number of different possible system wiring configurations (see Wiring Diagrams section). To configure the meter, set the System Type via the User Interface or Modbus register 130 (if so equipped). The System Type tells the meter which of its current and voltage inputs are valid, which are to be ignored, and if neutral is connected. Setting the correct System Type prevents unwanted energy accumulation on unused inputs, selects the formula to calculate the Theoretical Maximum System Power, and determines which phase loss algorithm is to be used. The phase loss algorithm is configured as a percent of the Line-to-Line System Voltage (except when in System Type 10) and also calculates the expected Line to Neutral voltages for system types that have Neutral (12 & 40).

Values that are not valid in a particular System Type will display as "----" on the User Interface or as QNAN in the Modbus registers.

	CTs		Voltage Connections			Syste	System Type		Phase Loss Measurements		
Number of wires	Qty	ID	Qty	ID	Туре	Modbus Register 130	User Interface: SETUP>S SYS	VLL	VLN	Balance	Diagram number
Single-Phas	se Wiring										
2	1	А	2	A, N	L-N	10	1L + 1n		AN		1
2	1	А	2	A, B	L-L	11	2L	AB			2
3	2	A, B	3	A, B, N	L-L with N	12	2L + 1n	AB	AN, BN	AN-BN	3
Three-Phase	e Wiring										
3	3	A, B, C	3	A, B, C	Delta	31	3L	AB, BC, CA		AB-BC-CA	4
4	3	A, B, C	4	A, B, C, N	Grounded Wye	40	3L + 1n	AB, BC, CA	AN, BN, CN	AN-BN-CN & AB-BC-CA	5, 6

## Wiring Symbols

To avoid distortion, use parallel wires for control power and voltage inputs.

The following symbols are used in the wiring diagrams on the following pages.

Symbol	Description
\_	Voltage Disconnect Switch
	Fuse (installer is responsible for ensuring compliance with local requirements. No fuses are included with the meter.)
	Earth ground
X1 X2	Current Transducer
	Potential Transformer
	Protection containing a voltage disconnect switch with a fuse or disconnect circuit breaker. The protection device must be rated for the available short-circuit current at the connection point.

### **CAUTION**

#### **RISK OF EQUIPMENT DAMAGE**

- This product is designed only for use with 1V or 0.33V current transducers (CTs).
- DO NOT USE CURRENT OUTPUT (e.g. 5A) CTs ON THIS PRODUCT.
- Failure to follow these instructions can result in overheating and permanent equipment damage.



## Wiring

## **⚠** WARNING **⚠**

#### RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK OR PERMANENT EQUIPMENT DAMAGE

- CT negative terminals are referenced to the meter's neutral and may be at elevated voltages
- $\cdot\,$  Do not contact meter terminals while the unit is connected
- $\cdot$  Do not connect or short other circuits to the CT terminals
- Failure to follow these instructions may cause injury, death or equipment damage.

#### Observe correct CT orientation.

<u>Diagram 1: 1-Phase Line-to-Neutral 2- Wire</u>

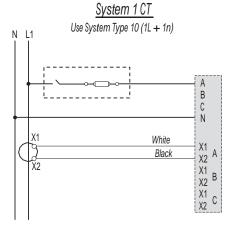
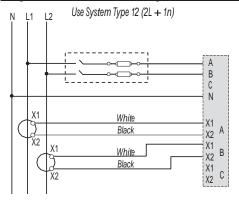


Diagram 3: 1-Phase Direct Voltage Connection 2 CT



<u>Diagram 5: 3-Phase 4-Wire Wye Direct Voltage Input</u>
Connection 3 CT

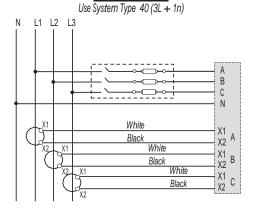


Diagram 2: 1-Phase Line-to-Line 2-Wire

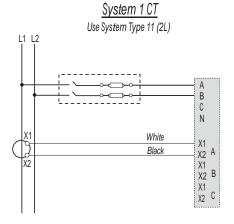
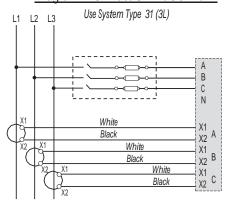
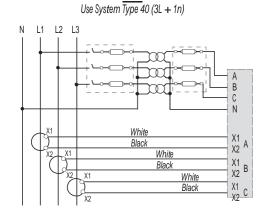


Diagram 4: 3-Phase 3-Wire 3 CT no PT



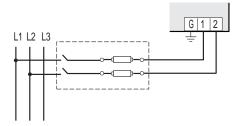
<u>Diagram 6: 3-Phase 4-Wire Wye Connection 3 CT</u> 3 PT





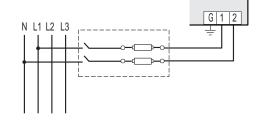
### **Control Power**

#### Direct Connect Control Power (Line to Line)



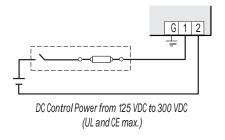
Line to Line from 90 VAC to 600 VAC (UL). In UL installations the lines may be floating (such as a delta). If any lines are tied to an earth (such as a corner grounded delta), see the Line to Neutral installation limits. In CE compliant installations, the lines must be neutral (earth) referenced at less than 300 VAC<sub>I-N</sub>

#### Direct Connect Control Power (Line to Neutral)

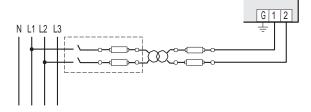


Line to Neutral from 90 VAC to 347 VAC (UL) or 300 VAC (CE)

#### Direct Connect Control Power (DC Control Power)



#### Control Power Transformer (CPT) Connection



The Control Power Transformer may be wired L-N or L-L. Output to meet meter input requirements

#### Fuse Recommendations

Keep the fuses close to the power source (obey local and national code requirements).

For selecting fuses and circuit breakers, use the following criteria:

- · Select current interrupt capacity based on the installation category and fault current capability.
- · Select over-current protection with a time delay.
- Select a voltage rating sufficient for the input voltage applied.
- Provide overcurrent protection and disconnecting means to protect the wiring. For AC installations, use Leviton CTV00-FK3, or equivalent. For DC installations, provide external circuit protection. Suggested: 0.5 A, time delay fuses.
- The earth connection (G) is required for electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) and is not a protective earth ground.



### Quick Setup Instructions

These instructions assume the meter is set to factory defaults. If it has been previously configured, check all optional values.

- 1. Press the or button repeatedly until SETUP screen appears.
- 2. to the PASWD screen.
- 3. Othrough the digits. Use the or buttons to select the password (the default is 00000). Exit the screen to the right.
- 4. Use the or buttons to select the parameter to configure.
- 5. If the unit has an RS-485 interface, the first Setup screen is S COM (set communications).
  - a. Oto the ADDR screen and through the address digits. Use the for subtractions to select the Modbus address.
  - b. to the BAUD screen. Use the or buttons to select the baud rate.
  - c. Oto the PAR screen. Use the Oor Obuttons to select the parity.
  - d. back to the S COM screen.
- 6. 🗢 to the S CT (Set Current Transducer) screen. If this unit does not have an RS-485 port, this will be the first screen.
  - a. Sto the CT V screen. Use the or buttons to select the voltage mode Current Transducer output voltage.
  - b. to the CT SZ screen and through the digits. Use the or buttons to select the CT size in amps.
  - c. back to the S CT screen.
- 7. to the S SYS (Set System) screen.
  - a. to the SYSTM screen. Use the or buttons to select the System Type (see wiring diagrams).
  - b. back to the S SYS screen.
- 8. (Optional) to the S PT (Set Potential Transformer) screen. If PTs are not used, then skip this step.
  - a. to the RATIO screen and through the digits. Use the or buttons to select the Potential Transformer step down ratio.
  - b. back to the S PT screen.
- **9.** to the S V (Set System Voltage) screen.
  - a. to the VLL (or VLN if system is 1L-1n) screen and through the digits. Use the or buttons to select the Line to Line System Voltage.
  - b. back to the S V screen.
- 10. Use the oto exit the setup screen and then SETUP.
- 11. Check that the wrench is not displayed on the LCD.
  - a. If the wrench is displayed, use the or buttons to find the ALERT screen.
  - b. through the screens to see which alert is on.

For the full setup instructions, see the configuration instructions on the following pages.



## Solid-State Pulse Output

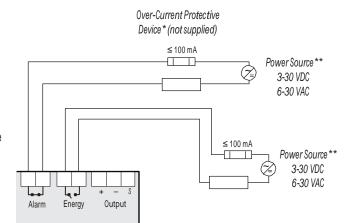
The meter has one normally open (N.O.) KZ Form A output and one normally closed (N.C.) KY solid-state output. One is dedicated to import energy (Wh), and the other to Alarm.

The relay used for the Phase Loss contact is N.C., with closure indicating the presence of an alarm; either loss of phase if the meter is powered, or loss of power if the meter is not. The contacts are open when the meter is powered and no phase loss alarm conditions are present.

The solid state pulse outputs are rated for 30 VAC/DC nom.

Maximum load current is 100 mA at 25°C. Derate 0.56 mA per °C above 25°C.

See the Setup section for configuration information.



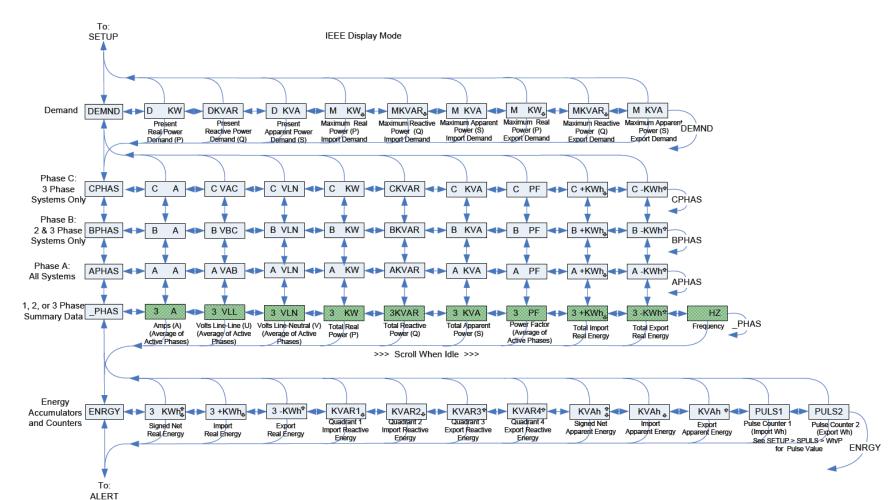
- \* The over-current protective device must be rated for the short circuit current at the connection point.
- \*\*All pulse outputs and communication circuits are only intended to be connected to non-hazardous circuits (SELV or Class 2). Do not connect to hazardous voltages.

# User Interface (UI) Menu Abbreviations Defined

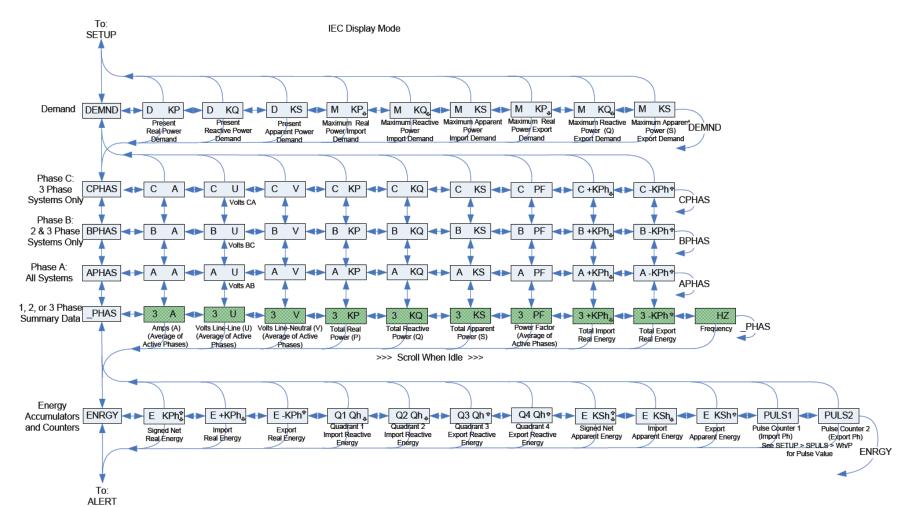
The user can set the display mode to either IEC or IEEE notation in the SETUP menu.

	Main M	enu		
IEC	IEEE	Description		
D	D	Demand		
MAX	М	Maximum Demand		
Р	W	Present Real Power		
Q	VAR	Present Reactive Power		
S	VA	Present Apparent Power		
A	Α	Amps		
UAB, UBC, UAC	VAB, VBC, VAC	Voltage Line to Line		
V	VLN	Voltage Line to Neutral		
PF	PF	Power Factor		
U	VLL	Voltage Line to Line		
HZ	HZ	Frequency		
KSh	KVAh	Accumulated Apparent Energy		
KQh	KVARh	Accumulated Reactive Energy		
KPh	KWh	Accumulated Real Energy		
PLOSS	PLOSS	Phase Loss		
LOWPF	LOWPF	Low Power Factor Error		
F ERR	F ERR	Frequency Error		
IOVR	IOVR	Over Current		
V OVR	V OVR	Over Voltage		

Main Menu									
IEC	IEEE	Description							
PULSE	PULSE	kWh Pulse Output Overrun (configuration error)							
_PHASE	_PHASE	Summary Data for 1, 2, or 3 active phases							
ALERT	ALERT	Diagnostic Alert Status							
INFO	INFO	Unit Information							
MODEL	MODEL	Model Number							
OS	OS	Operating System							
RS	RS	Reset System							
SN	SN	Serial Number							
RESET	RESET	Reset Data							
PASWD	PASWD	Enter Reset or Setup Password							
ENERG	ENERG	Reset Energy Accumulators							
DEMND	DEMND	Reset Demand Maximums							
仓		Import							
Û		Export							
PULS_	PULS_	Pulse Counter (if equipped)							
Q_	Q_	Quadrant 1-4 per IEEE 1459							
n	n	Net							



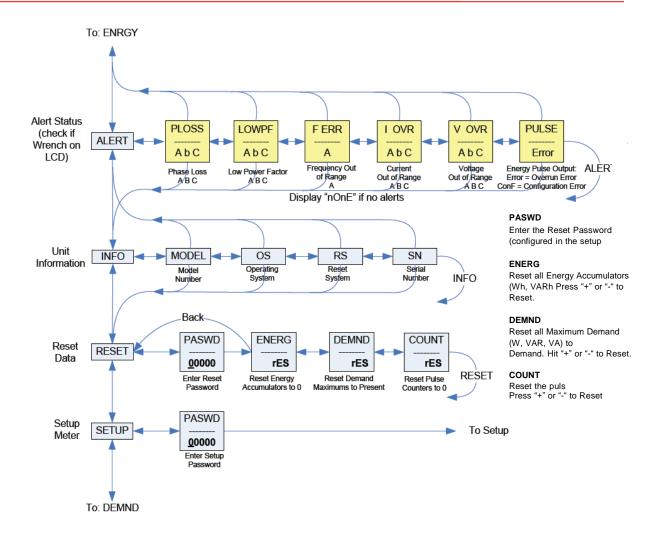
The units for all Power and Energy screens change to preserve resolution as the accumulated totals increase. For example, energy starts out as Wh, then switches to kWh, MWh, and eventually GWh as the accumulated value increases.



The units for all Power and Energy screens change to preserve resolution as the accumulated totals increase. For example, energy starts out as Wh, then switches to kWh, MWh, and eventually GWh as the accumulated value increases.

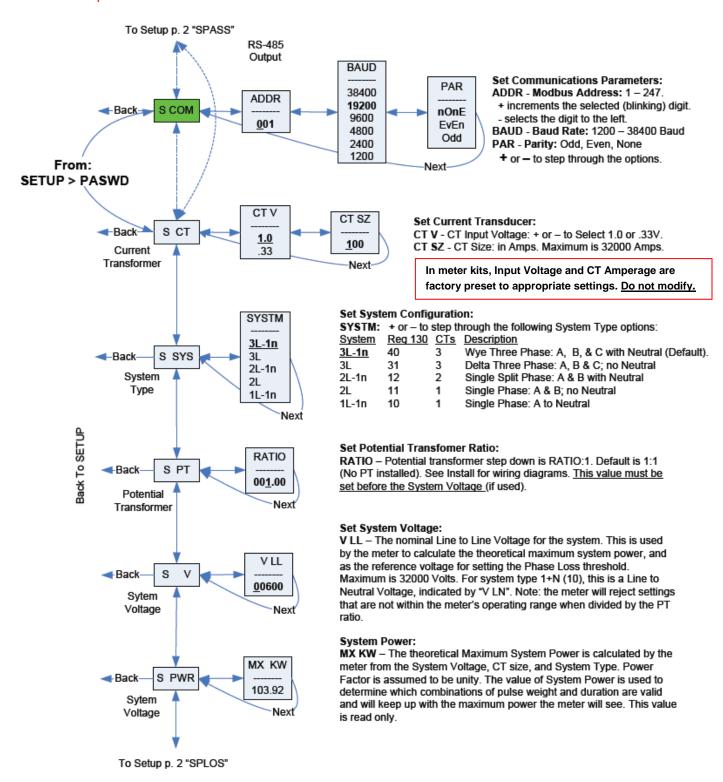


## Alert/Reset Information





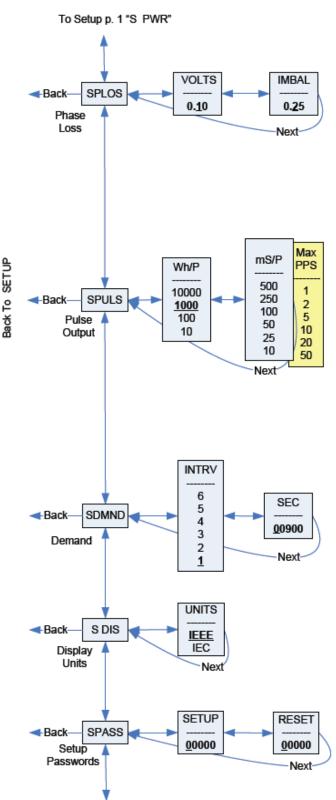
### **UI** for Setup



Note: Bold is the Default.



## UI for Setup (cont.)



To Setup page 1 "S COM"

#### Set Phase Loss:

VOLTS - Phase Loss Voltage: The fraction of the system voltage below which Phase Loss Alarm is on. For system types with neutral, the Line to Neutral voltage is also calculated and tested. If the System Voltage is 600 and the fraction is set to 0.10, then the Phase Loss threshold will be 60 volts.

IMBAL - Phase Loss Imbalance: The fractional difference in Line to Line voltages above which Phase Loss Alarm is on. For system types with neutral, the Line to Neutral voltages are also tested. For system types 1+N (10) and 2 (11), imbalance is not tested.

#### Set Pulse:

The System Type, CT size, PT Ratio, and System Voltage must all be configured before setting the Pulse Energy. If any of these parameters are changed, the meter will hunt for a new Pulse Duration, but will not change the Pulse Energy. If it cannot find a solution, the meter will display the wrench, show "ConF" in the ALARM -> PULSE screen, and enable Energy pulse output configuration error bit in the Modbus Diagnostic Alert Bitmap (if equipped).

Wh/P - Set Pulse Energy: In Watt Hours (& VAR Hours, if present) per Pulse. When moving down to a smaller energy, the meter will not allow the selection if it cannot find a pulse duration that will allow the pulse output to keep up with Theoretical Maximum System Power (see S\_PWR screen). When moving up to a larger energy, the meter will jump to the first value where it can find a valid solution.

mS/P – Minimum Pulse Duration Time: This read only value is set by the meter to the slowest duration (in mS per closure) that will keep up with the Theoretical Maximum System Power. The open time is greater than or equal to the closure time. The maximum Pulses Per Second (PPS) is shown in yellow.

#### Set Demand Interval:

INTRV - The number of Sub-Intervals (1 to 6) in a Demand Interval. Default is 1 (block demand).

SEC - Sub-Interval length in seconds. Default is 900 (15 minutes). Set to 0 for external sync-to-comms (Modbus units only).

Set Display Units: +/- to switch between: IEEE – VLL VLN W VAR VA Units.

IEC - U V P Q S Units.

#### Set Passwords:

**SETUP** - The Password to enter the SETUP menu. **RESET** - The Password to enter the RESET menu.



## RS-485 Communications

#### Daisy-chaining Devices to the Power Meter

The RS-485 slave port allows the power meter to be connected in a daisy chain format with up to 32 devices, assuming a Leviton Energy Monitoring HUB as the master device.

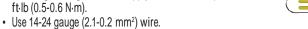


#### Notes

- The terminal's voltage and current ratings are compliant with the requirements of the EIA RS-485 communications standard.
- The RS-485 transceivers are ¼ unit load or less.
- RS-485+ has a 47 k $\Omega$  pull up to +5V, and RS-485- has a 47 k $\Omega$  pull down to Shield (RS-485 signal ground).
- Wire the RS-485 bus as a daisy chain from device to device, without any stubs. Use 120 Ω termination resistors at each end of the bus (not included).
- · Shield is not internally connected to Earth Ground.
- · Connect Shield to Earth Ground somewhere on the RS-485 bus.

#### For all terminals:

 When tightening terminals, apply the correct torque: 0.37 to 0.44 ft-lb (0.5-0.6 N·m).









## Modbus Point Map Overview

The Log Status Register has additional error flag bits that indicate whether logging has been reset or interrupted (power cycle, etc.) during the previous demand sub-interval, and whether the Real-Time Clock has been changed (re-initialized to default date/ time due to a power-cycle or modified via Modbus commands).

The Series 4100 Full Data Set (FDS) model features data outputs such as demand calculations, per phase signed watts VA and VAR, import/export Wh and VAh, and VARh accumulators by quadrant. The Series 4100 Data Logging model includes the FDS and adds log configuration registers 155-178 and log buffer reading at registers 8000-13760. The meter supports variable CTs and PTs, allowing a much wider range of operation from 90V x 5A up to 32000V x 32000A. To promote this, the meter permits variable scaling of the 16-bit integer registers via the scale registers. The 32-bit floating point registers do not need to be scaled.

Integer registers begin at 001 (0x001). Floats at 257 (0x101). Configuration registers at 129 (0x081). Values not supported in a particular System Type configuration report QNAN (0x8000 in Integer Registers, 0x7FC00000 in Floating Point Registers). Register addresses are in PLC style base 1 notation. Subtract 1 from all addresses for the base 0 value used on the Modbus RS-485 link.

#### Supported Modbus Commands

Note: ID String information varies from model to model. Text shown here is an example.

Command	Description							
0x03	Read Holding Registers							
0x04	Read Input Registers							
0x06	Preset Single Register							
0x10	Preset Multiple Registers							
	Report ID							
0x11	Return string: byte0: address byte1: 0x11 byte2: #bytes following w/out crc byte3: ID byte = 247 byte4: status = 0xFF if the operating system is used; status = 0x00 if the reset system is used bytes5+: ID string = "Leviton S4100 Power Meter Full Data Set" RUNNING RS Version x.xxxx"last 2 bytes: CRC							
	Read Device Identification, BASIC implementation (0x00, 0x01 and 0x02 data), Conformity Level 1.							
0x2B	Object values:  0x01: "Leviton"  0x02: "S4100"  0x03: "Vxx.yyy", where xx.yyy is the OS version number (reformatted version of the Modbus register #7001, (Firmware Version, Operating System).  If register #7001 == 12345, then the 0x03 data would be "V12.345").							

#### Legend

The following table lists the addresses assigned to each data point. For floating point format variables, each data point appears twice because two 16-bit addresses are required to hold a 32-bit float value. Negative signed integers are 2's complement.



## Modbus Point Map Overview (cont.)

R/W		R=read only R/W=read from either int or float formats, write only to integer format.								
NV	Value is	Value is stored in non-volatile memory. The value will still be available if the meter experiences a power loss and reset.								
	UInt Unsigned 16-bit integer.									
	SInt	Signed 16-bit integer.								
Format	ULong	Unsigned 32-bit integer; Upper 16-bits (MSR) in lowest-numbered / first listed register (001/002 = MSR/LSR).								
	SLong	Signed 32-bit integer; Upper 16-bits (MSR) in lowest-numbered / first listed register (001/002 = MSR/LSR).								
	Float	32-bit floating point; Upper 16-bits (MSR) in lowest-numbered / first listed register (257/258 = MSR/LSR). Encoding is per IEEE standard 754 single precision.								
Units	Lists the physical units that a register holds.									
Scale Factor	Some Integer values must be multiplied by a constant scale factor (typically a fraction), to be read correctly. This is done to allow integer numbers to represent fractional numbers.									
Range	Defines t	he limit of the values that a register can contain.								

## Standard Modbus Default Settings

Setting	Value	Modbus Register
Setup Password	00000	<b>-</b>
Reset Password	00000	_
System Type	40 (3 + N) Wye	130
CT Primary Ratio (if CTs are not included)	100A	131
CT Secondary Ratio	1V	132
PT Ratio	1:1 (none)	133
System Voltage	600 V L-L	134
Max. Theoretical Power (Analog Output: full scale (20mA or 5V))	104 kW	135
Display Mode	1 (IEEE units)	137
Phase Loss	10% of System Voltage (60V), 25% Phase to Phase Imbalance	142, 143
Pulse Energy	1 (kWh/pulse)	144
Demand: number of sub-intervals per interval	1 (block mode)	149
Demand: sub-interval length	900 sec (15 min)	150
Modbus Address	001	_
Modbus Baud Rate	19200 baud	_
Modbus Parity	None	-
Log Read Page	0	158
Logging Configuration Register	0	159
Log Register Pointer 1	3 (Import Real Energy MSR)	169
Log Register Pointer 2	4 (Import Real Energy LSR)	170
Log Register Pointer 3	5 (Export Real Energy MSR)	171
Log Register Pointer 4	6 (Export Real Energy LSR)	172
Log Register Pointer 5	29 (Real Demand)	173
Log Register Pointer 6	30 (Reactive Demand)	174
Log Register Pointer 7	31 (Apparent Demand)	175
Log Register Pointer 8	155 (Month/Day)	176
Log Register Pointer 9	156 (Year/Hour)	177
Log Register Pointer 10	157 (Minutes/Seconds)	178



## Modbus Point Map

IVI	<u>uubus</u>	I UII	1111	viap							
Series 4100	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	Description			
							Integer	Data: Summary of Active Phases			
•	001 002	R	NV	SLong	kWh	E	-2147483647 to +2147483647	Real Energy: Net (Import - Export)	MSR LSR	A	
•	003 004	R	NV	ULong	kWh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Real Energy: Quadrants 1 & 4 Import	MSR	Accumulated Real Energy (Ph)	
•	• 005 006	R	NV	ULong	kWh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Real Energy: Quadrants 2 & 3 Export	MSR LSR		
•	007 008	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	Е	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Reactive Energy - Quadrant 1: Lags Import Real Energy (IEC) Inductive (IEEE)	MSR LSR	ccumulated	
•	009 010	-R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Reactive Energy - Quadrant 2: Leads Export Real Energy (IEC) Inductive (IEEE)	MSR I	Reactive Energy	Clear via reset
•	011 012	-R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Reactive Energy - Quadrant 3: Lags Export Real Energy (IEC) Capacitive (IEEE)	MSR :	= Import !uadrants 3 + 4 = Export	register 129
•	• 013 014	-R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Reactive Energy - Quadrant 4: Leads Import Real Energy (IEC) Capacitive (IEEE)	MSR LSR	— Елрогі	_
•	015 016	-R	NV	SLong	kVAh	E	-2147483647 to +2147483647	Apparent Energy: Net (Import - Export)	LSR	ccumulated Apparent Energy (Sh):	
•	017 018	-R	NV	ULong	kVAh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Apparent: Quadrants 1 & 4 Import	MSR In	nport and Export	
•	019 020	-R	NV	ULong	kVAh	Е	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Apparent: Quadrants 2 & 3 Export	MSR ,	correspond with Real Energy	
•	021	R		SInt	kW	W	-32767 to +32767	Total Instantaneous Real (P) Power			
•	022	R		SInt	kVAR	W	0 to 32767	Total Instantaneous Reactive (Q) Power			
•	023	R		Ulnt	kVA		0 to 32767	Total Instantaneous Apparent (S) Power (vector sur	m)		
•	024	R		SInt	Ratio	0.0001		Total Power Factor (total kW / total kVA)			
•	025	R		Ulnt	Volt	V	0 to 32767	Voltage, L-L (U), average of active phases			
•	026	R		UInt	Volt	V	0 to 32767	Voltage, L-N (V), average of active phases			
•	027	R		UInt	Amp		0 to 32767	Current, average of active phases			
•	028	D		UInt	Hz	0.01	4500 to 6500	Frequency Total Real Power Present Demand			
•	029 030	R		SInt SInt	kW kVAR	W		Total Real Power Present Demand  Total Reactive Power Present Demand			
	030	R		Sint	kVAK	W		Total Apparent Power Present Demand  Total Apparent Power Present Demand			
	032	R	NV	SInt	kW	W		Total Real Power Max. Demand			
	033	R	NV	SInt	kVAR	W		Total Reactive Power Max. Demand	Import		
	034	R	NV	SInt	kVA	W		Total Apparent Power Max. Demand			Reset via register
•	035	R	NV	SInt	kW	W		Total Real Power Max. Demand			129
•	036	R	NV	SInt	kVAR	W					
•	037	R	NV	SInt	kVA	W	-32767 to +32767	Total Apparent Power Max. Demand			
•	038	R		Ulnt				Reserved, returns 0x8000 (QNAN)			
•	039		AD.				0.4.00 FFFFFFF	Pulse Counter 1 MSR	00 110 01 01 -	NURO COLUMBANA VI	did for both suler
•	040	R	NV	ULong			0 to 0xFFFFFFF	(Import Real Energy) LSR	inputs and	loutputs. Counts	llid for both pulse are shown in ().
•	041							Pulse Counter 2	See registe per pulse c	er 144 - Energy F	Per Pulse for the Wh
•	042	R	NV	ULong			0 to 0xFFFFFFF	(Export Real Energy)	per puise c	oulit.	



Series 4100	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range		Descriptio	n											
				•		•		Integer Data: Per Phase													
•	043	R	NV	ULong	kWh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Real Energy,	MSR												
•	044	IX.	INV	olong	KVVII	L	O to oxillilli	Phase A	LSR												
•	045	R	NV	ULong	kWh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Real Energy,	MSR	-Import											
•	046	IX.	INV	ocong	KVVII	_	O to oxillilli	Phase B	LSR	Import											
•	047	R	NV	ULong	kWh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Real Energy,	MSR												
•	048	IX.	INV	ocong	KVVII	_	O to oxillilli	Phase C	LSR		Accumulated Real Energy (Ph), per										
•	049	R	NV	ULong	kWh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Real Energy,	MSR		phase										
•	050		1	Ozong	KVVII		O to oxi i i i i i i	Phase A	LSR												
•	051	R	NV	ULong	kWh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Real Energy,	MSR	Export											
•	052	IX.	144	ocong	KVVII	_	O to oximinin	Phase B	LSR	- Export											
•	053	R	NV	ULong	kWh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Real Energy,	MSR	_											
•	054		1	Ozong	KVVII		O to oxi i i i i i i	Phase C	LSR												
•	055	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Q1 Reactive	MSR												
•	056		111	Ozong	KV/IIIII	_	0 00 0/11111111	Energy, Phase A	LSR												
•	057	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Q1 Reactive	MSR												
•	058		111		KV/IIII			Energy, Phase B	LSR												
•	059	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Q1 Reactive	MSR												
٠	060		111	Ozong	KV/IIIII	_	0 00 0/11111111	Energy, Phase C	LSR												
•	061	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Q2 Reactive	MSR	Import											
•	062		INV		ozong	KV/IIII		O to oxilitititi	Energy, Phase A	LSR											
٠	063	R	NV NV					NV NV					NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Q2 Reactive	MSR		
•	064													OLONG		_	0 00 0/11111111	Energy, Phase B	LSR		
•	065	R											ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Q2 Reactive	MSR			
•	066	ļ`.		o Long		_	0 00 0/41111111	Energy, Phase C	LSR		Accumulated Reactive Energy										
•	067	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Q3 Reactive	MSR		(Qh), Per Phase										
•	068	<u> </u>	ļ	3-0g		_	- 20 V/M - 11 11 11 1	Energy, Phase A	LSR												
•	069	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Q3 Reactive	MSR												
٠	070	ļ`.		020119			0 00 0/41111111	Energy, Phase B	LSR												
•	071	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Q3 Reactive	MSR												
•	072	<u> </u> '		320.1g			ט נט טגררדרדרד	Energy, Phase C	LSR	Export											
•	073	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Q4 Reactive	MSR												
•	074	<u> </u>	ļ	2-3119				Energy, Phase A	LSR												
•	075	R	NV	ULong kVAR	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Q4 Reactive	MSR												
•	076	<u> </u> '		320.1g			5 50 V/M 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Energy, Phase B	LSR												
•	077	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Q4 Reactive	MSR												
•	078	<u> </u>		3=09		<u> </u>	- 30 000 1111111	Energy, Phase C	LSR												



Series 4100		Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range					
•	-+	079 080	R	NV	ULong	kVAh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase A	MSR LSR			
•		081 082	R	NV	ULong	kVAh	Е	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase B LSR		Import		
•		083 084	R	NV	ULong	kVAh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase C	MSR LSR		Accumulated	
•		085	R	NV	ULong	kVAh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase A	MSR LSR		Apparent Energy (Sh), Per Phase	
•		087	R	NV	ULong	kVAh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase B	MSR	Export		
•	-	088 089	R	NV	ULong	kVAh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Apparent Energy,	LSR MSR			
•		090 091	R		SInt	kW	W	-32767 to +32767	Phase C Real Power (P), Phase A	LSR			
•	-	092 093	R R		SInt SInt	kW kW	W		Real Power (P), Phase B Real Power (P), Phase C		Real Power (P)		
•	-	094	R		SInt	kVAR	W		Reactive Power (Q), Phase A				
•		095	R		SInt	kVAR	W		Reactive Power (Q), Phase B		Reactive Power (Q)		
•	-	096 097	R R		SInt UInt	kVAR kVA	W		Reactive Power (Q), Phase C Apparent Power (S), Phase A				
•		098	R		UInt	kVA	W		Apparent Power (S), Phase B		Apparent Power (S)		
•	-	099	R		UInt	kVA	W		Apparent Power (S), Phase C				
•	-	100 101	R R		SInt SInt	Ratio Ratio	0.0001		Power Factor (PF), Phase A Power Factor (PF), Phase B		Dower Footor (DE)		
$\vdash$	-	102	R		Sint	Ratio	0.0001		Power Factor (PF), Phase C		Power Factor (PF)		
	-	103	R		Ulnt	Volt	V		Voltage (U), Phase A-B				
•		104	R		Ulnt	Volt	٧		Voltage (U), Phase B-C		Line to Line Voltage (U)		
•		105	R		UInt	Volt	٧	0 to 32767	Voltage (U), Phase A-C		- ' '		
	-	106	R		UInt	Volt	٧		Voltage (V), Phase A-N				
•	-	107	R		UInt	Volt	٧		U 17		Line to Neutral Voltage (V)		
•	-	108	R		UInt	Volt	٧		Voltage (V), Phase C-N				
•	-	109	R		UInt	Amp			Current, Phase A		O		
	-	110 111	R R		UInt	Amp			Current, Phase B		Current		
$\vdash$	-	111	R R		UInt UInt	Amp			Current, Phase C Reserved, Returns 0x8000 (QNAI	NI)			
		114	Ιζ	<u> </u>	UIIIL	<u> </u>			neserveu, neturns uxouuu (QNAI	N)			



Series 4100		Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	Description			
					T	ı	ı		Configuration			
•		129	R/W		UInt			N/A	Reset:  - Write 30078 (0x757E) to clear all Energy Accumulators to 0 (All).  - Write 21211 (0x52DB) to begin new Demand Sub-Interval calculation next 1 second calculation cycle. Write no more frequently than every?  - Write 21212 (0x52DC) to reset Max Demand values to Present Demannext 1 second calculation cycle. Write no more frequently than every?  - Write 16640 (0x4100) to reset Logging.  - Write 16498 (0x4072) to clear Pulse Counts to zero.  - Read always returns 0.	0 seconds. d Values. Takes effect at the end of the		
•	,	130	R/W	NV	UInt			10, 11, 12, 31,	Single Phase: A + N Single Phase: A + B Single Split Phase: A + B + N 3 phase Δ, A + B + C, no N 3 phase Y, A + B + C + N	System Type (See Manual. Note: only the indicated phases are monitored for Phase Loss)		
•		131	R/W	NV	UInt	Amps		1-32000	CT Ratio — Primary			
		132	R/W	NV	UInt			1, 3	CT Ratio — Secondary Interface (1 or 1/3 V, may not be user configurab	Current Inputs e)		
	,	133	R/W	NV	UInt		100	0.01-320.00	PT Ratio: The meter scales this value by 100 (i.e. entering 200 yields a p The default is 100 (1.00:1), which is with no PT attached. Set this valu (below)	ootential transformer ratio of 2:1). be before setting the system voltage		
	,	134	R/W	NV	UInt			82-32000	System Voltage: This voltage is line to line, unless in system type 10 (re The meter uses this value to calculate the full scale power for the puls scale for phase loss (register 142). The meter will refuse voltages that when divided by the PT Ratio (above).	e configuration (below), and as full		
•	,	135	R	NV	UInt	kW	W	1-32767	Theoretical Maximum System Power — This read only register is the expects to see on a service. It is calculated by the meter from the Syste 131), and System Voltage (register 134) and is updated whenever the It is used to determine the maximum power the pulse outputs can ke same scale as other integer power registers (see register 140 for power than 140	em Type (register 130), CT size (register e user changes any of these parameters, pep up with. This integer register has the		
•		136	R		UInt				Reserved, always returns 0			
•		137	R/W	NV	Ulnt			0,1	Display Units: 0 = IEC (U, V, P, Q, S), 1 = IEEE (default: VLL, VLN, W, VAR,	VA)		
		138	R		SInt		-4 0.000 -3 0.001		Scale Factor I (Current)	cale Factors		
	,	139	R		SInt		-2 0.01 -1 0.1			ote: These registers contain a signed nteger, which scales the corresponding		
•	,	140	R		SInt		0 1.0 1 10.0		Scale Factor W (Power)	nteger registers. Floating point registers are not scaled. Scaling s recalculated when the meter		
		141	R		SInt		2 100.0 3 1000.0 4 10000			configuration is changed.		



Series 4100	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	Description			
•	142	R/W	NV	UInt	%		1-99	Phase Loss Voltage Threshold in percent of system voltage (register 134). Default value is 10 (%). Any phase (as configured in register 130) whose level drops below this threshold triggers a Phase Loss alert, i.e., if the System voltage is set to 480 V L-L, the L-N voltage for each phase should be 277 V. When the threshold is set to 10%, if any phase drops more than 10% below 277 V, (less than 249 V), or if any L-L voltage drops more than 10% below 480 V (less than 432 V) the corresponding phase loss alarm bit in register 146 will be true.			
•	143	R/W	NV	UInt	%		1-99	Phase Loss Imbalance Threshold in Percent. Default is 25% phase to phase difference. For a 3-phase Y (3 + N) system type (40 in register 130), both Line to Neutral and Line to Line voltages are tested. In a 3-phase $\Delta$ System type (31 in register 130), only Line to Line voltages are examined. In a single split-phase (2 + N) system type (12 in register 130), just the line to neutral voltage are compared.			
•	144	R/W	NV	Ulnt	Wh		10000, 1000, 100, 10	Wh (& VARh, if equipped) Energy per Pulse Output Contact Closure. If the meter cannot find a pulse duration that will keep up with the max. system power (register 135), it will reject the new value. Check the meter configuration and/or try a larger value.			
•	145	R	NV	UInt	msec		500, 250, 100, 50, 25,	Pulse Contact Closure Duration in msec. Read-only. Set to the slowest duration that will keep up with the theoretical max. system power (register 135). The open time ≥ the closure time, so the max. pulse rate (pulses per sec) is the inverse of double the pulse time.			
•	146	R		Ulnt				Error Bitmap. 1 = Active:  Bit 0: Phase A Voltage out of range  Bit 1: Phase B Voltage out of range  Bit 2: Phase C Voltage out of range  Bit 3: Phase A Current out of range  Bit 4: Phase B Current out of range  Bit 5: Phase C Current out of range  Bit 6: Frequency out of the range of 45 to 65 Hz -OR- insufficient voltage to determine frequency.  Bit 7: Reserved for future use  Bit 8: Phase Loss A  Bit 9: Phase Loss B  Bit 10: Phase Loss C  Bit 11: Low Power Factor on A with one or more phases having a PF less than 0.5 due to mis-wiring of phases  Bit 12: Low Power Factor on B  Bit 13: Low Power Factor on C  Bit 14: Energy pulse output overrun error. The pulse outputs are unable to keep up with the total real power (registers 3 and 261/262). To fix, increase the pulse energy register (register 144) and reset the energy accumulators (see reset register 129).  Bit 15: Energy pulse output configuration error (present pulse energy setting may not keep up with the theoretical max. system power; see register 135). To fix, increase the pulse energy (register 144).			



Series 4100	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	Description	
•	147	R	NV	Ulnt			0-32767	Count of Energy Accumulator resets	
•	148	R		Ulnt				Reserved (returns 0)	
	149	R/W	NV	UInt			1-6	Number of Sub-Intervals per Demand Interval. Sets the number of sub-intervals that make a single demand interval. For block demand, set this to 1. Default is 1. When Sub-Interval Length register #150 is set to 0 (sync-to-comms mode), this register is ignored.	Demand
•	150	R/W	NV	Ulnt	Seconds		0, 10-32767	Sub-Interval Length in seconds. For sync-to-comms, set this to 0 and use the reset register (129) to externally re-start the sub-interval. This is also the logging interval.	- Calculation
•	151	R/W		UInt			1-32767	Reserved (returns 0)	
•	152	R	NV	Ulnt			0-32767	Power Up Counter.	
	153	R	NV	UInt			0-32767	Output Configuration. Units have a NO energy contact and NC (Normally Closed - Form B) contact, so this register will always return a "0".	Phase Loss
•	154	R		Ulnt				Reserved, returns 0	



Series 4100	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	Descripti	on	
							Floating P	oint Data: Summary of Active Phases		
•	257/258	R	NV	Float	kWh			Accumulated Real Energy: Net (Import - Export)		
•	259/260	R	NV	Float	kWh			Real Energy: Quadrants 1 & 4	Accumulated Real Energy	
	261/262	R		Float	kWh			Real Energy: Quadrants 2 & 3 Export	— (Ph)	
	263/264	R		Float	kVARh			Reactive Energy: Quadrant 1 Lags Import Real Energy (IEC) Inductive (IEEE)		
	265/266	R		Float	kVARh			Reactive Energy: Quadrant 2 Leads Export Real Energy (IEC) Inductive (IEEE)	Accumulated Reactive Energy (Qh):	Clear via register
•	267/268	R		Float	kVARh			Reactive Energy: Quadrant 3 Lags Export Real Energy (IEC) Capacitive (IEEE)	Quadrants 1+2= Import Quadrants 3+4= Export	129
•	269/270	R		Float	kVARh			Reactive Energy: Quadrant 4 Leads Import Real Energy (IEC) Capacitive (IEEE)		
•	271/272	R	NV	Float	kVAh			Apparent Energy: Net (Import - Export)		
	273/274	R	NV	Float	kVAh			Apparent Energy: Quadrants 1 & 4	Accumulated Apparent Energy (Sh): Import and	
	275/276	R	NV	Float	kVAh			Apparent Energy: Quadrants 2 & 3 Export	Export correspond with Real Energy	
•	277/278	R		Float	kW			Total Net Instantaneous Real (P) Power		1.
•	279/280	R		Float	kVAR			Total Net Instantaneous Reactive (Q) Power		
•	281/282			Float	kVA			Total Net Instantaneous Apparent (S) Power		
•	283/284	R		Float	Ratio		0.0-1.0	Total Power Factor (Total kW / Total kVA)		
•	285/286	R		Float	Volt			Voltage, L-L (U), average of active phases		



Series 4100	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	Descript	ion		
•	287/288	R		Float	Volt			Voltage, L-N (V), average of active phases			
•	289/290	R		Float	Amp			Current, average of active phases			
•	291/292	R		Float	Hz		45.0-65.0	Frequency			
•	293/294			Float	kW			Total Real Power Present Demand			
•	295/296			Float	kVAR			Total Reactive Power Present Demand			
•	297/298			Float	kVA			Total Apparent Power Present Demand			
•	299/300		NV	Float	kW			Total Real Power Max. Demand			
•	301/302		NV	Float	kVAR			Total Reactive Power Max. Demand	Import		
٠	303/304		NV	Float	kVA			Total Apparent Power Max. Demand			
٠	305/306		NV	Float	kW			Total Real Power Max. Demand			
•	307/308		NV	Float	kVAR			Total Reactive Power Max. Demand	Export		
•	309/310		NV	Float	kVA			Total Apparent Power Max. Demand			
•	311/312	R		Float				Reserved, reports QNAN (0x7FC00000)			
•	313/314	R		Float		1	0-4294967040	Pulse Counter 1 (Import Real Energy)	inputs an See regist	d outputs. Cour	Valid for both pulse nts are shown in (). veight of each pulse es are derived from
	315/316	R		Float		1	0-4294967040	Pulse Counter 2 (Export Reactive Energy	the 32 bit	integer counter when the intege	
							FI	loating Point Data: Per Phase			
•	317/318	R		Float	kWh			Accumulated Real Energy, Phase A			
•	319/320	R		Float	kWh			Accumulated Real Energy, Phase B	Import		
•	321/322	R		Float	kWh			Accumulated Real Energy, Phase C		Assume ulated D	aal Enarmy (Dh.)
•	323/324	R		Float	kWh			Accumulated Real Energy, Phase A		Accumulated R	ear Energy (Pn)
•	325/326	R		Float	kWh			Accumulated Real Energy, Phase B	Export		
•	327/328	R		Float	kWh			Accumulated Real Energy, Phase C			
•	329/330	R		Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q1 Reactive Energy, Phase A			
•	331/332	R		Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q1 Reactive Energy, Phase B	Quadrant 1		
•	333/334	R		Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q1 Reactive Energy, Phase C		Import	
•	335/336	R		Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q2 Reactive Energy, Phase A		Import	
•	337/338			Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q2 Reactive Energy, Phase B	Quadrant 2	)	
•	339/340			Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q2 Reactive Energy, Phase C			Accumulated Reactive Energy
•	341/342			Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q3 Reactive Energy, Phase A			(Qh)
•	343/344	_		Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q3 Reactive Energy, Phase B	Quadrant 3	1	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
•	345/346			Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q3 Reactive Energy, Phase C		Export	
•	347/348			Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q4 Reactive Energy, Phase A		LAPOIL	
•	349/350			Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q4 Reactive Energy, Phase B	Quadrant 4		
•	351/352			Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q4 Reactive Energy, Phase C			
•	353/354			Float	kVAh			Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase A	_		
•	355/356			Float	kVAh			Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase B	Import		
•	357/358			Float	kVAh			Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase C		Accumulated A	pparent Energy (Sh)
•	359/360			Float	kVAh			Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase A			FF 2. 5 211019J (011)
•	361/362			Float	kVAh			Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase B	Export		
•	363/364	R		Float	kVAh			Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase C			



Series 4100		Negisiei	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	Descrip	tion
•	365/	366 R	R			kW			Real Power, Phase A	
٠		368 F				kW			Real Power, Phase A	Real Power (P)
•	369/	370 F	R		Float	kW			Real Power, Phase A	
٠	-	372 F			Float	kVAR			Reactive Power, Phase A	
•	373/	374 F	R			kVAR			Reactive Power, Phase A	Reactive Power (Q)
•	375/	376 F	R		Float	kVAR			Reactive Power, Phase A	
•	377/	378 F	R			kVA			Apparent Power, Phase A	
٠	379/	380 F	R			kVA			Apparent Power, Phase A	Apparent Power (S)
•		382 F				kVA			Apparent Power, Phase A	
•	383/	384 F	R		Float	Ratio		0.0-1.0	Power Factor, Phase A	
•	-	386 F	_		Float	Ratio		0.0-1.0	Power Factor, Phase A	Power Factor (PF)
•		388 F			Float	Ratio		0.0-1.0	Power Factor, Phase A	
•	389/	390 F	R		Float	Volt			Voltage, Phase A-B	
•	391/	392 F	R		Float	Volt			Voltage, Phase B-C	Line to Line Voltage (U)
•	393/	394 F	R		Float	Volt			Voltage, Phase A-C	
•		396 R			Float	Volt			Voltage, Phase A-N	
•	397/	398 F	R		Float	Volt			Voltage, Phase B-N	Line to Neutral (V)
•	399/	400 F	R		Float	Volt			Voltage, Phase C-N	
•	401/	402 R	R		Float	Amp			Current, Phase A	
•	403/	404 R	R		Float	Amp			Current, Phase B	Current
•	405/	406 R	R		Float	Amp			Current, Phase C	
•	407/	408 F	R		Float				Reserved, Reports QNAN (0x7FC00000)	

Invalid or Quiet Not A Number (QNAN) conditions are indicated by 0x8000 (negative zero) for 16 bit integers and 0x7FC00000 for 32 bit floating point numbers.

Floating point numbers are encoded per the IEEE 754 32-bit specifications.



SunSpec Register Blocks This section describes the Modbus registers reserved for SunSpec compliance-related information. See www.sunspec.org for the original specifications.

Series 4100	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	SunSpec Name	Description
						S	unSpec 1.0 Commo	on Model	
•	40001 40002	R	NV	ULong			0x5375 6e53	C_SunSpec_ID	ASCII "SunS". Identifies this as the beginning of a SunSpec Modbus point
•	40003	R	NV	UInt			1	C_SunSpec_DID	SunSpec common model Device ID
•	40004	R	NV	UInt			65	C_SunSpec_Length	Length of the common model block
•	40005 to 40020	R	NV	String (32)	ASCII			C_Manufacturer	null terminated ASCII text string
•	40021 to 40036	R	NV	String (32)				C_Model	null terminated ASCII text string
•	40037 to 40044	R	NV	String (16)				C_Options	null terminated ASCII text string
•	40045 to 40052	R	NV	String (16)				C_Version	null terminated ASCII text string
•	40053 to 40068	R	NV	String (32)				C_SerialNumber	null terminated ASCII text string
•	40068	R	NV	UInt	ASCII			C_SunSpec_Length	Modbus address
						Sun	Spec 1.1 Integer M	eter Model	
							Identification	n	
	40070	R	NV	UInt			201 to 204	C_SunSpec_DID	SunSpec Integer meter model device IDs. Meter configuration by device ID:  201 = single phase (A-N or A-B) meter  202 = split single phase (A-B-N) meter  203 = Wye-connect 3-phase (ABCN) meter  204 = delta-connect 3-phase (ABC) meter
•	40071	R	NV	UInt			105	C_SunSpec_Length	Length of the meter model block
·						•	Current		
•	40072	R		SInt	Amps	M_AC_Current_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_Current	AC Current (sum of active phases)
•	40073	R		SInt	Amps	M_AC_Current_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_Current_A	Phase A AC current
•	40074	R		SInt	Amps	M_AC_Current_SF		M_AC_Current_B	Phase B AC current
•	40075	R		SInt	Amps	M_AC_Current_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_Current_C	Phase C AC current
•	40076	R	NV	SInt		1		M_AC_Current_CN	AC Current Scale Factor
				1			Voltage: Line to N		
•	40077	R		SInt	Volts	M_AC_Voltage_SF		M_AC_Voltage_LN	Line to Neutral AC voltage (average of active phases)
•	40078	R		SInt	Volts	M_AC_Voltage_SF		M_AC_Voltage_AN	Phase A to Neutral AC Voltage
•	40079	R	_	SInt	Volts	M_AC_Voltage_SF		M_AC_Voltage_BN	Phase B to Neutral AC Voltage
•	40080	R		SInt	Volts	M_AC_Voltage_SF		M_AC_Voltage_CN	Phase C to Neutral AC Voltage
	40004	In	I	01-4	1./-1/-	M AO V-11 OF	Voltage: Line to		line to line AO college (consequently and consequently
•	40081	R	-	SInt	Volts	M_AC_Voltage_SF		M_AC_Voltage_LL	Line to Line AC voltage (average of active phases)
	40082 40083	R R		SInt	Volts	M_AC_Voltage_SF		M_AC_Voltage_AB M_AC_Voltage_BC	Phase A to Phase B AC Voltage Phase B to Phase C AC Voltage
•	40083	R	-	SInt SInt	Volts Volts	M_AC_Voltage_SF M_AC_Voltage_SF		M_AC_Voltage_BC	Phase C to Phase A AC Voltage
	40085		NV	SInt	VUILS	1	-52101 10 +32101	M_AC_Voltage_CA	AC Voltage Scale Factor
	COUDE	lı.	1111	Joint		<u> </u>	Frequency	INI_AO_VUILAYE_SF	Ino voltage ocale i actor
	40086	R		SInt	Hertz	M_AC_Freq_SF	-32767 to +32767	M AC Freq	AC Frequency
	40087		NV		SF	1	52.0. 10.102.01	M_AC_Freq_SF	AC Frequency Scale Factor
	.0001	1,,	1	10	15.	1.	1	/ 10_1 104_01	



## SunSpec Register Blocks (cont.)

Series 4100	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	SunSpec Name	Description
							Power		
	1					T	Real Power		
•	40088	R		SInt		M_AC_Power_SF	-32767 to +32767		Total Real Power (sum of active phases)
•	40089	R		SInt		M_AC_Power_SF	-32767 to +32767		Phase A AC Real Power
•	40090	R		SInt		M_AC_Power_SF	-32767 to +32767		Phase B AC Real Power
•	40091	R		SInt		M_AC_Power_SF	-32767 to +32767		Phase A AC Real Power
•	40092	R	NV	SInt	SF	<u>[1                                    </u>		M_AC_Power_SF	AC Real Power Scale Factor
<u> </u>	<u> </u>			T	I\/olt	T	Apparent Powe		
•	40093	R		SInt	Volt- Amps	M_AC_VA_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_VA	Total AC Apparent Power (sum of active phases)
	40094	R		SInt	Volt- Amps	M_AC_VA_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_VA_A	Phase A AC Apparent Power
•	40095	R		SInt	Volt- Amps	M_AC_VA_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_VA_B	Phase B AC Apparent Power
	40096	R		SInt	1/-14	M_AC_VA_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_VA_C	Phase A AC Apparent Power
	40097	R	NV	SInt	SF	1		M_AC_VA_SF	AC Apparent Power Scale Factor
	1	1	1	1	14.	<u> </u>	Reactive Powe		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
•	40098	R		SInt	VAR	M_AC_VAR_SF	-32767 to +32767		Total AC Reactive Power (sum of active phases)
	40099	R		SInt	VAR	M_AC_VAR_SF	-32767 to +32767		Phase A AC Reactive Power
•	40100	R		SInt	VAR	M_AC_VAR_SF	-32767 to +32767		Phase B AC Reactive Power
•	40101	R		SInt	VAR	M_AC_VAR_SF	-32767 to +32767		Phase A AC Reactive Power
•	40102	R	NV	SInt	SF	1		M_AC_VAR_SF	AC Reactive Power Scale Factor
				•			Power Factor		
•	40103	R		SInt	%	M_AC_PF_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_PF	Average Power Factor (average of active phases)
•	40104	R		SInt	%	M_AC_PF_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_PF_A	Phase A Power Factor
•	40105	R		SInt	%	M_AC_PF_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_PF_B	Phase B Power Factor
•	40106	R		SInt	%	M_AC_PF_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_PF_C	Phase A Power Factor
•	40107	R	NV	SInt	SF	1		M_AC_PF_SF	AC Power Factor Scale Factor
							Accumulated En	ergy	
							Real Energy		
•	40108	R	NV	ULong	Watt- hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Exported_W	Total Exported Real Energy
-	40109			<u> </u>	-	<b>5.</b> · -		. –	
•	40110	R	NV	ULong	Watt- hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Exported_W_A	Phase A Exported Real Energy
-	40111			-	-				
-	40112 40113	R	NV	ULong	Watt- hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Exported_W_B	Phase B Exported Real Energy
+	40113			1	<b>-</b>				
-	40114	R	NV	ULong	Watt- hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Exported_W_C	Phase C Exported Real Energy
1.	40116	_	NIV.	111	Watt-	M F W 05	00 4- 0	M loop and 1 1M	Total law and all Deal Forces
•	40117	R	NV	ULong	hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Imported_W	Total Imported Real Energy
•	40118 40119	R	NV	ULong	Watt- hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Imported_W_A	Phase A Imported Real Energy
	40120	Ь	NIV/	Illona	Watt-	M Energy W CF		M Imported M/D	Dhasa R Imported Peal Energy
•	40121	R	NV	ULong	hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Imported_W_B	Phase B Imported Real Energy
•	40122 40123	R	NV	ULong	Watt- hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Imported_W_C	Phase C Imported Real Energy
•	40124	R	NV	SF	SF	1		M_Energy_W_SF	Real Energy Scale Factor



## SunSpec Register Blocks (cont.)

Series 4100	Register		NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	SunSpec Name	Description
Serie	Re								·
							Apparent Energ	I IV	
•	40125 40126	R	NV	ULong	VA- hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF		Total Exported Apparent Energy
•	40127 40128	R	NV	ULong	VA- hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Exported_VA_A	Phase A Exported Apparent Energy
	40129 40130	R	NV	ULong	VA- hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Exported_VA_B	Phase B Exported Apparent Energy
•	40131 40132	R	NV	ULong	VA- hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Exported_VA_C	Phase C Exported Apparent Energy
•	40133 40134	R	NV	ULong	VA- hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Imported_VA	Total Imported Apparent Energy
	40135 40136	R	NV	ULong	VA- hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Imported_VA_A	Phase A Imported Apparent Energy
	40137 40138	R	NV	ULong	VA- hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Imported_VA_B	Phase B Imported Apparent Energy
	40139 40140	R	NV	ULong	VA- hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Imported_VA_C	Phase C Imported Apparent Energy
	40141	R	NV	UInt	SF	1		M_Energy_VA_SF	Real Energy Scale Factor
	-				'		Reactive Energ	у	
•	40142 40143	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_Q1	Quadrant 1: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	40144 40145	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_ Q1A	Phase A - Quadrant 1: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	40146 40147	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_ Q1B	Phase B - Quadrant 1: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	40148 40149	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_ Q1C	Phase C - Quadrant 1: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	40150 40151	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_Q2	Quadrant 2: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	40152 40153	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_ Q2A	Phase A - Quadrant 2: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	40154 40155	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_ Q2B	Phase B - Quadrant 2: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	40156 40157	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_ Q2C	Phase C - Quadrant 2: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	40158 40159	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_Q3	Quadrant 3: Total Exported Reactive Energy
•	40160 40161	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_ Q3A	Phase A - Quadrant 3: Total Exported Reactive Energy
•	40162 40163	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_ Q3B	Phase B - Quadrant 3: Total Exported Reactive Energy
•	40164 40165	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_ Q3C	Phase C - Quadrant 3: Total Exported Reactive Energy
•	40166 40167	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_Q4	Quadrant 4: Total Exported Reactive Energy



## SunSpec Register Blocks (cont.)

Series 4100	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	SunSpec Name		[	Description
•	40168 40169	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_ Q4A	Phase A - Quadrant 4: Total Exported Reactive Energy		
•	40170 40171	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_ Q4B	Phase B -	Quadrant 4: Total	Exported Reactive Energy
•	40172 40173	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_ Q4C	Phase C -	Quadrant 4: Total	Exported Reactive Energy
•	40174	R	NV	UInt	SF	1		M_Energy_VA_SF	Reactive E	nergy Scale Factor	
							Events				
•	40175							M_Events	Bit Map. S	ee M_EVENT_flag	s. 0 = no event
								Event  M EVENT Power	Failure	Bit 0x00000004	Description Loss of power or phase
								M_EVENT_Under		0x00000001	Voltage below threshold (phase loss)
								M_EVENT_Low_Pf		0x00000000	Power factor below threshold (can indicate misassociated voltage and current inputs in 3-phase systems)
-	40176	R	NV	ULong	Flags			M_EVENT_Over_C	urrent	0x00000020	Current input over threshold (out of measurement range)
								M_EVENT_Over_V	oltage	0x00000040	Voltage input over threshold (out of measurement range)
								M_EVENT_Missing	_Sensor	0x00000080	Sensor not connected (not supported)
								M_EVENT_Reserve	ed1-8	0x00000100 to 0x00008000	Reserved for future SunSpec use
								M_EVENT_OEM1-	15	0x7FFF000	Reserved for OEMs (not used)
								Dia ale			
		T	Γ	I	Ι	1	End of SunSpec E	SIOCK	0 00-	DID OUTTE	
•	40177	R	NV	UInt			0xFFFF		Uniquely		e last SunSpec block
•	40178	R	NV	Ulnt			0x0000			ec_Length = 0 has no length	



## Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Solution			
The maintenance wrench icon appears in the power meter display.	There is a problem with the inputs to the power meter.	See the Alert sub-menu or the Diagnostic Alert Modbus Register 146			
The display is blank after applying control power to the meter.	The meter is not receiving adequate power.	Verify that the meter control power are receiving the required voltage. Verify that the heart icon is blinking. Check the fuse.			
	Incorrect setup values	Verify the values entered for power meter setup parameters (CT and PT ratings, system type, etc.). See the Setup section.			
The data displayed is	Incorrect voltage inputs	Check power meter voltage input terminals to verify adequate voltage.			
inaccurate.	Power meter is wired improperly.	Check all CTs and PTs to verify correct connection to the same service, CT and PT polarity, and adequate powering. See the Wiring Diagrams section for more information.			
	Power meter address is incorrect.	Verify that the meter is correctly addressed (see Setup section).			
Cannot communicate with power meter from	Power meter baud rate is incorrect.	Verify that the baud rate of the meter matches that of all other devices on its communications link (see Setup section).			
a remote personal computer.	Communications lines are improperly connected.	Verify the power meter communications connections (see the Communications section).  Verify the terminating resistors are properly installed on both ends of a chain of units. Units in the middle of a chain should not have a terminator.  Verify the shield ground is connected between all units.			
Sign of one phase (real power) is incorrect	CT orientation reversed	Remove CT, reverse orientation, reconnect (qualified personnel only)			

## China RoHS Compliance Information (EFUP Table)

部件名称	产品中有毒有害物质或元素的名称及含量Substances					
	铅 (Pb)	汞(Hg)	镉(Cd)	六价铬 (Cr(VI))	多溴联苯(PBB)	多溴二苯醚(PBDE)
电子线路板	X	0	0	0	0	0

<sup>0 =</sup> 表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在 SJ/T11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求以下.

Z000057-0A

X = 表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出SJ/T11363-2006标准规定的限量要求.