Quick Start Installation Guide
Series 1000 3-Wire Meter Wiring Detail

Current Transformer (CT) Wiring
Colored Wire to X1
White Wire to X2

CT1 & Line 1 Voltage Match
CT2 & Line 2 Voltage Match

Observe Proper Phase Wiring
CT1 & Line 1 Voltage Match
CT2 & Line 2 Voltage Match

RED LED Reverse Phase Indicator
If illuminated, installation is incorrect.
Check the following:
1- CT Line and Load Orientation
2- Verify Reference Voltage Connections Match CT Phase Placement
3- Proper Polarity of Conductors at CT Input Terminals

GREEN LEDs
Left - 1000 Watt Hour Duty Cycle (500 wHrs ON and 500 wHrs OFF)
Right - 10 Watt Hour Duty Cycle (5 wHrs ON and 5 wHrs OFF)

*Use appropriate wire gauge based on breaker rating.
In accordance with NEC, CTs may not be installed in any panel board where they exceed 75% of the wiring space of any cross-sectional area.

Variations and Installation of Current Transformers (CTs)
To reduce the risk of electric shock, always open or disconnect the circuit from the power distribution system of a building before installing or servicing current transformers.

In accordance with NEC, CTs may not be installed in any panel board where they exceed 75% of the wiring space of any cross-sectional area.

Step 1
Mount Leviton Submeter

Step 2
Install Conduit per Local/NEC Code

Step 3
Install Leviton Split Core or Solid Core CTs

Step 4
Connect Meter to 15A 2-Pole Breaker or Inline Fuses

Installation Notes
These instructions apply to Leviton Series 1000 3-Wire Meters. See wiring detail on reverse side.*

Step 1
Mount meter to surface at desired location near load center. Meter is designed to be permanently mounted.

Step 2
Install conduit between meter and panel. Pull voltage reference and CT secondary wires through conduit. Wire sizes and ratings must comply with the NEC and local codes.

Step 3
Connect CT secondary wires to appropriate terminals on meter; white wires always land on X2 terminals (see wiring diagram). Install split core or solid core CTs on feeder wires. Observe proper line, load and phase orientation. “H1” or label must face source (line).

Step 4
Connect the meter to a low amperage (15A) circuit breaker for meter power and reference voltage. Single pole, two pole or three pole based on meter type. Use the appropriate wire gauge based on breaker rating. If space is not available for breaker, voltage can be sourced by tapping off main lugs (per NEC and local code). Use fast-acting fuses 0.5A-2A with appropriate voltage ratings for service.

WARNING
• Installation of electric meters requires working with possibly hazardous voltages. These instructions are meant to be a supplement to aid trained, qualified professionals.
• Turn off all power supplying the equipment before performing any wiring operations. Use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm power is off.
• Bonding is not automatic for metal conduit connections; separate bonding is to be provided.
• Installations should be done in accordance with local codes and current National Electric Code requirements.
• Equipment used in a manner not specified by this document impairs the protection provided by the equipment.

Failure to follow these warnings could result in serious injury or death.